

## 5.6 GROWTH & DECAY

### ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS:

1. How do we operate with exponential growth & decay problems (precalculus-style)?
2. What do differential equations involving growth & decay look like in general?

Exponential Growth  $y = Ce^{kt}$ ,  $k > 0$

Exponential Decay  $y = Ce^{kt}$ ,  $k < 0$

$C$  - initial amount

$k$  - constant of proportionality

$t$  - time

Carbon-14 has a half-life of 5730 years. If 3.2 grams of  $^{14}\text{C}$  remain in an object after 1000 years, how much  $^{14}\text{C}$  was in the original sample? How much  $^{14}\text{C}$  will remain after 10,000 years?

### Solve differential equations separation of variables

1. Rearrange the equations so that all y terms are on the left and all x terms are on the right.
2. Integrate both sides.
3. Use the initial condition to solve for +C.

Solve the differential equations.

1.  $y' = \frac{\sqrt{x}}{3y}$

2.  $y' = x(1 + y), y(0) = 2$

The rate of change of P is proportional to P. When  $t = 0$ ,  $P = 250$ . When  $t = 1$ ,  $P = 400$ . What is the value of P when  $t = 4$ ?